

AN INTERSECTIONAL PERSPECTIVE: BROADENING CRITICAL REFLECTION ON DIVERSITY THROUGH BOUNDARY CROSSING IDENTIFICATION AND REFLECTION

CASE STUDY: MSC ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES, WUR

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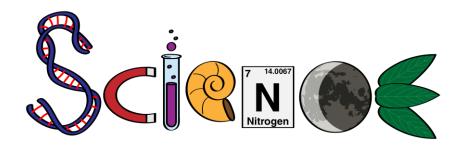




CONTEXT

- Dual crises: environmental crisis, growing social inequalities
- Diversity: disciplines & stakeholders
- Critical reflection on diversity: essential competence
- Responsible environmental scientists/professionals





KNOWLEDGE GAP

- **Critical Reflection on Diversity** concept remains elusive
- **Diversity** is perceived differently
- Intersectionality: intersecting sociocultural identities
- **Boundary Crossing:** diversity as a learning resource



CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK (1)

Being aware of socio-cultural differences of self and others

Critical reflection on diversity

Critical reflection on diversity

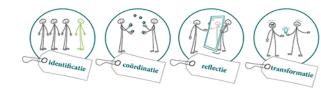
Assumptions & beliefs of self and others

Histories of self and others, connected to the environment/an environmental issue

The environment/ an environmental

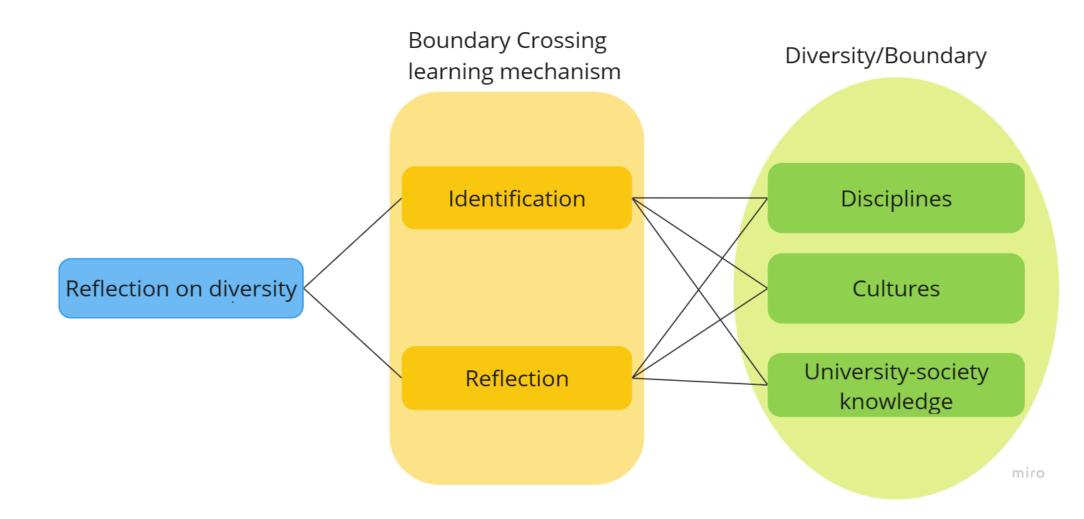
issue

Social positionality connected to the environment/an environmental issue



CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK (2)

According to Boundary Crossing



RESEARCH QUESTIONS

Case study: MSc Environmental Sciences (MES), WUR

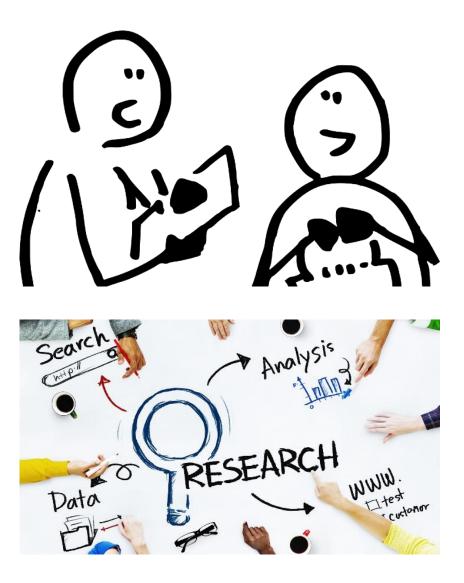
1. What are the current practices of reflection on diversity that Boundary Crossing, explicitly or implicitly, employ?

2. In which ways can Critical reflection on diversity be further addressed in the current reflection practices?



METHODS

 Semi-structured interview
17 participants: 9 MES students & 8 lecturers
6 courses in MES
Thematic data analysis



FINDINGS (1)

Current practices:



European workshop ES & Management (EUW) emphasized BC explicitly, reflection facilitated by two BC learning mechanisms

Remaining courses: *implicit reflection practices*

- >Various reflection methods:
- Reflection paper
- Feedback with coach & peers, personal interviews
- Simulation
- Group-work
- Assessment/Evaluation form





FINDINGS (2)

Challenges to address Critical reflection:

Introducing critical reflection practices is necessary

Challenges:

- Packed courses
- Insufficient knowledge
- Risk of overburdening teachers & students
- Reinforcing stereotypes & biases
- Evoking feelings of hopelessness, or conviction, or un-comfortability
- Lack of diversity among commissioners & projects



FINDINGS (3)



Recommendations:

Careful planning and preparation

- Program-level adjustments
- >Safe, open & inclusive environments
- >Course level: integrating based on needs & contexts
- Extending to teachers/professors & the university

DISCUSSION



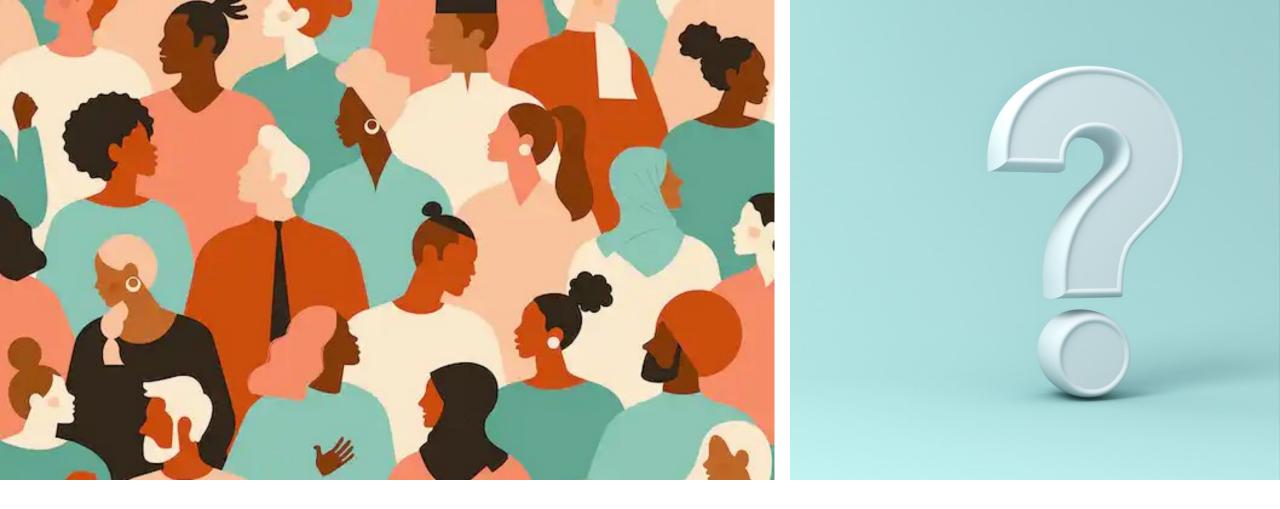
- Both Critical Reflection and Boundary Crossing (BC) should be made more explicit;

- Critical reflection: provides contents;
- BC: methods for integration.



Critical reflection may make Transdisciplinary and Interdisciplinary approaches more equal & inclusive.





Q & A



THANK YOU!

EXAMINED COURSES

| Courses | Compulsory or Restricted optional |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Principle of Environmental Sciences | Compulsory |
| Environmental Quality and | Compulsory |
| Governance | |
| Research Methods Environmental | Compulsory |
| Sciences | |
| European Workshop Environmental | Restricted optional |
| Sciences and Management | |
| Academic Consultancy Training | Restricted optional |
| Environmental Education and Learning for Sustainability | Restricted optional |