

(I)OT Security Auf dem Weg zur "Smart Factory"

Cyber Security am Scheideweg



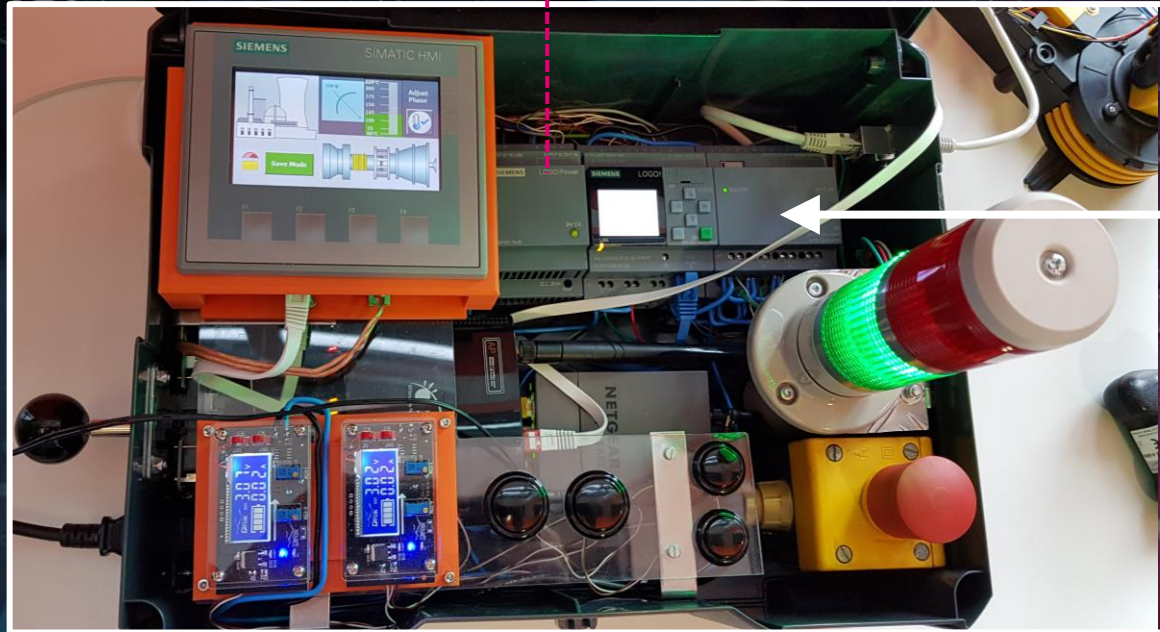
Telekom Industrial Security

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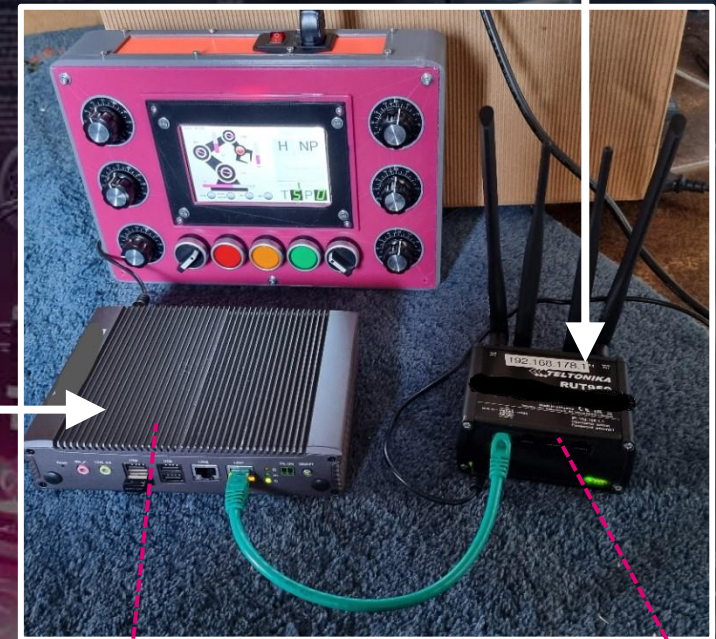


INDUSTRIAL HONEYPOT DEMO

Hardware
Honeypots



Internet



FW und
Software
Honeypot(s)

LTE Access
Point



A photograph of a modern industrial factory floor. In the foreground, a large red robotic arm is positioned on the left, its gripper holding a bundle of yellow straw. To the right, a row of white robotic arms is visible, each working on a similar bundle of straw on a conveyor belt. The background shows the high ceiling of the factory with a grid of lights and structural beams.

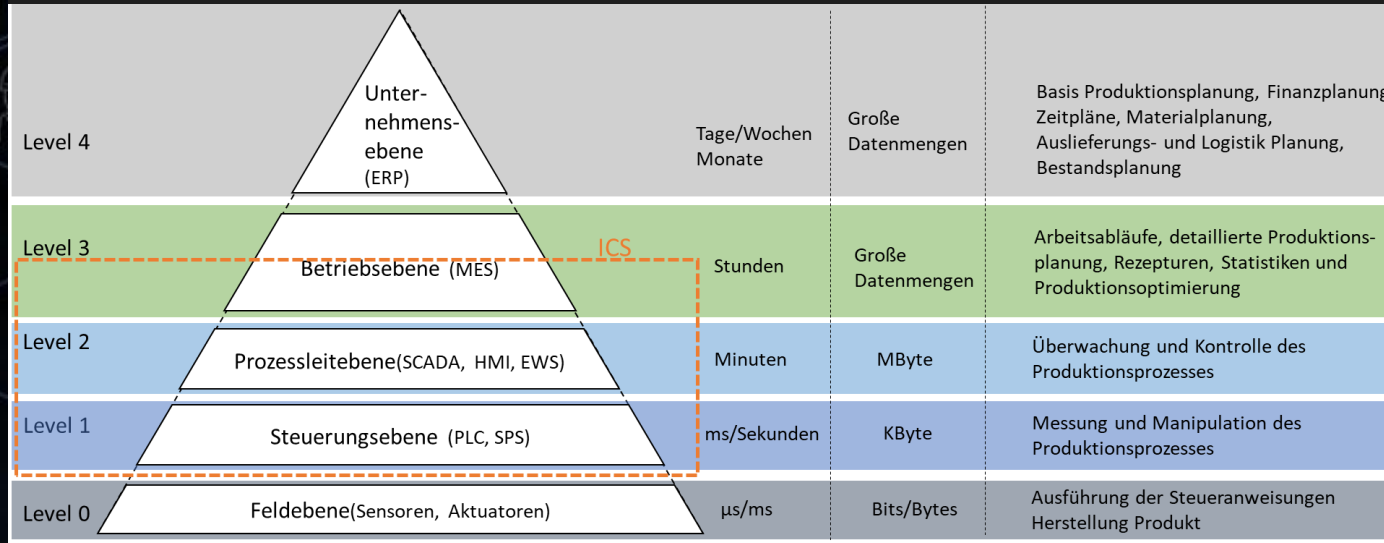
Industrie ≤ 3.0

Die Alte Welt

Monolithisch, hierarchisch



Die Alte Welt – Teil I: Hierarchien



Hierarchische Strukturen

In der "alten Welt"

Klassische Pyramide,

Isolierte Maschinen Inseln

Diskrete Fertigung: SAP und SCADA

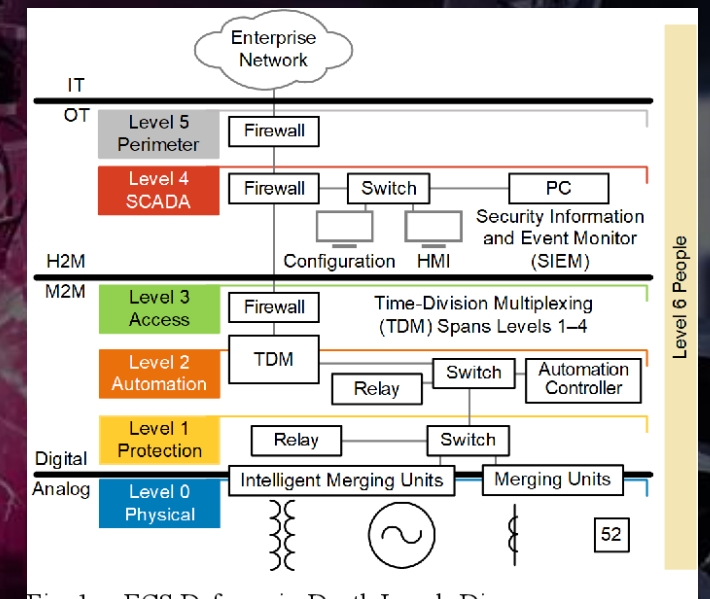
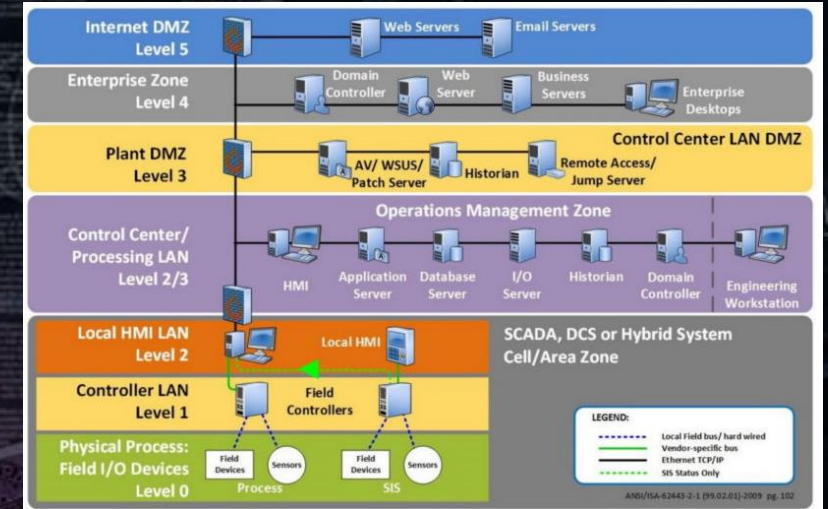


Fig. 1 – EGS Defense in Depth Levels Diagram



Die Alte Welt – Part II: Risikoprofile

Cyber Risiko Profil (Disruption)

- Remote Zugänge
- Malware Infection
- Downtime
- ICS lastig
- seltener Daten Diebstahl
- ...
- Supplier Chain

ICS Matrix

Below are the tactics and techniques representing the MITRE ATT&CK® Matrix for ICS.

[View on the ATT&CK® Navigator](#)

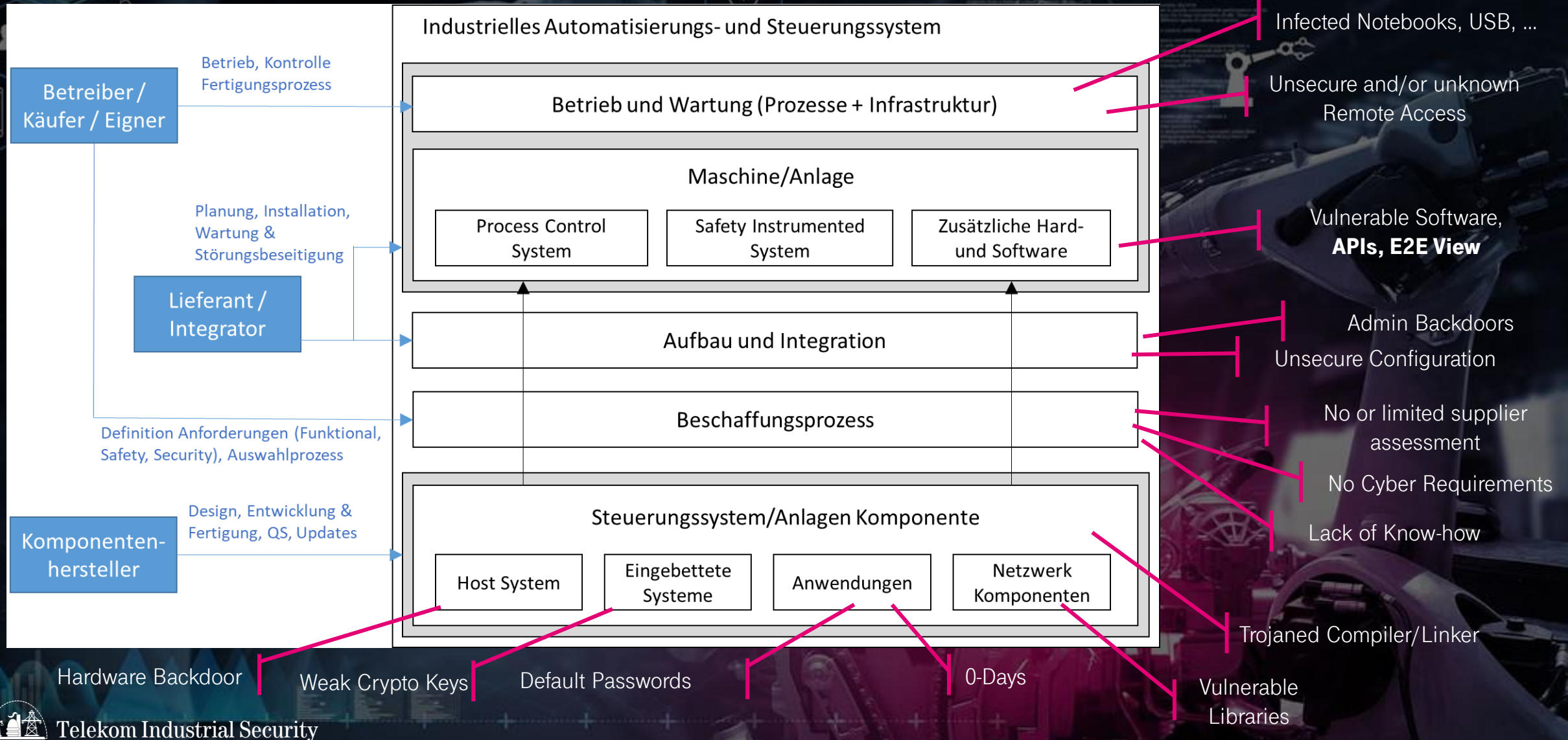
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Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Evasion	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Command and Control	Inhibit Response Function	Impair Process Control	Impact
12 techniques	9 techniques	6 techniques	2 techniques	6 techniques	5 techniques	7 techniques	10 techniques	3 techniques	13 techniques	5 techniques	12 techniques
Drive-by Compromise	Change Operating Mode	Hardcoded Credentials	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Change Operating Mode	Network Connection Enumeration	Default Credentials	Adversary-in-the-Middle	Commonly Used Port	Activate Firmware Update Mode	Brute Force I/O	Damage to Property
Exploit Public-Facing Application	Command-Line Interface	Modify Program	Hooking	Exploitation for Evasion	Network Sniffing	Exploitation of Remote Services	Automated Collection	Connection Proxy	Alarm Suppression	Modify Parameter	Denial of Control
Exploitation of Remote Services	Execution through API	Module Firmware		Indicator Removal on Host	Remote System Discovery	Hardcoded Credentials	Data from Information Repositories	Standard Application Layer Protocol	Block Command Message	Module Firmware	Denial of View
External Remote Services	Graphical User Interface	Project File Infection		Masquerading	Remote System Information Discovery	Lateral Tool Transfer	Detect Operating Mode		Block Reporting Message	Spoof Reporting Message	Loss of Availability
Internet Accessible Device	Hooking	System Firmware		Rootkit	Wireless Sniffing	Program Download	I/O Image		Block Serial COM	Unauthorized Command Message	Loss of Control
Remote Services	Modify Controller Tasking	Valid Accounts		Spoof Reporting Message		Remote Services	Monitor Process State		Data Destruction		Loss of Productivity and Revenue
Replication Through Removable Media	Native API					Valid Accounts	Point & Tag Identification		Denial of Service		Loss of Protection
Rogue Master	Scripting						Program Upload		Device Restart/Shutdown		Loss of Safety
Spearphishing Attachment	User Execution						Screen Capture		Manipulate I/O Image		Loss of View
Supply Chain Compromise							Wireless Sniffing		Modify Alarm Settings		Manipulation of Control
Transient Cyber Asset									Rootkit		Manipulation of View
Wireless Compromise									Service Stop		Theft of Operational Information
									System Firmware		

Was wir in der Vergangenheit gelernt haben. Unser kollektives Gedächtnis



Talking Supplier Chain ...



Die Alte Welt – Part III: Schutzmaßnahmen

Derzeitige Verteidigungsmodelle und “Leitplanken”

IEC 62443

MITRE ATTACK ICS

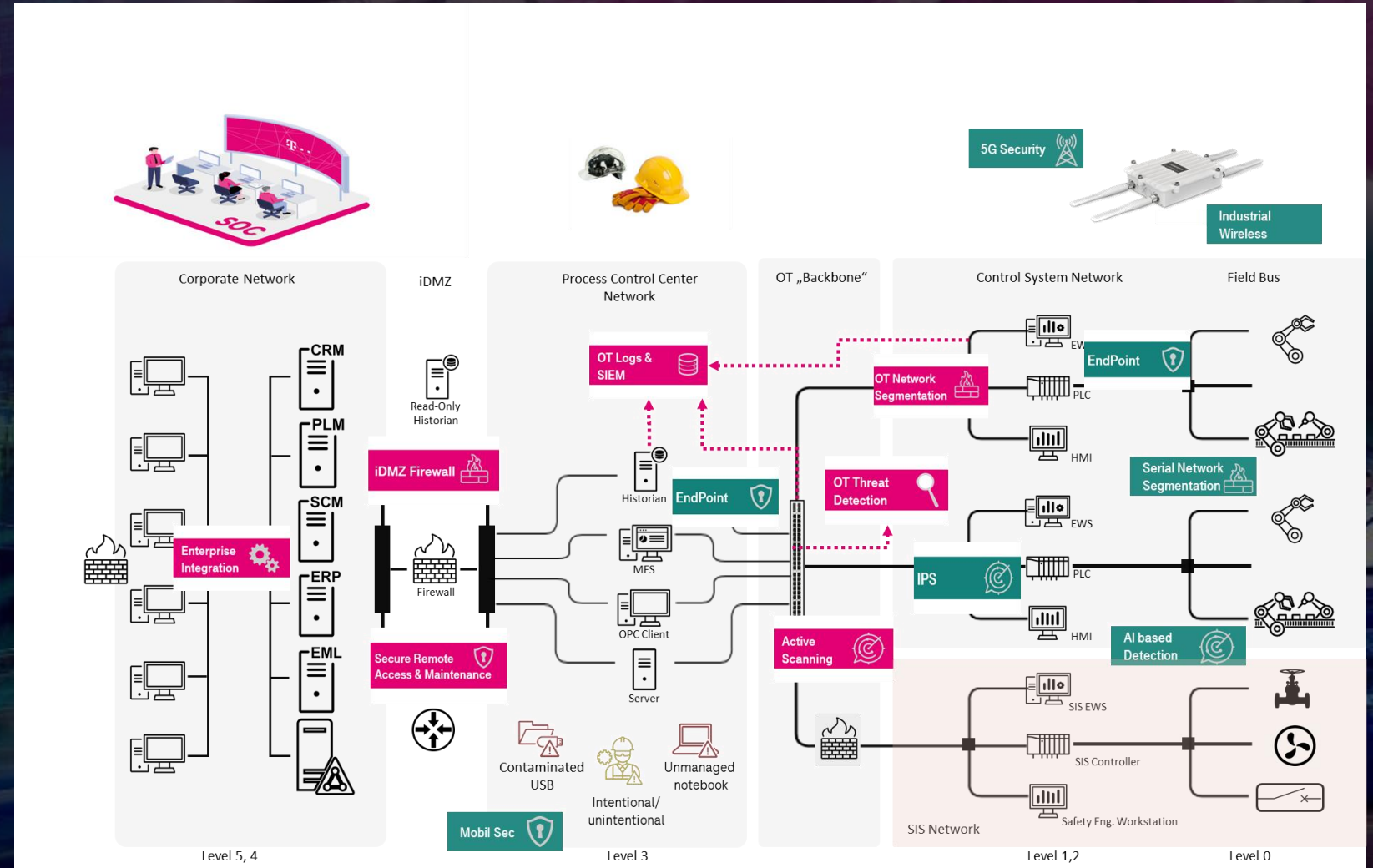
NIST

ISO 27xxx

SANS Sliding Scale for ICS

KRITIS, R155/156

Security „Good Practice“

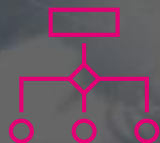


Die Alte Welt – Part III: Schutzmaßnahmen

„Fünf Cyber-Security Maßnahmen zusammen, schaffen ein effizientes und effektives OT-Sicherheitsprogramm.“¹



Incident
Response
Plan



Netzwerk
Architektur
die man
schützen
kann



Netzwerk
Sichtbarkeit
Transparenz
und
Monitoring



Sichere
Fernwartung



Risiko basiertes
Vulnerability
Management



Schutzmaßnahmen umsetzen

OT Security is a Journey



Align your
Organisation/
Mindset



Start here

Assessments

- Assets,
- Network Topo/Flows,
- Behaviour Baseline
- Vulnerabilities & Risks

Angriffserkennung

Network
Segmentation

Remote &
Cloud Access

OT
Endpoints

SOAR
Automation

X-Domain
Playbooks

OT Threat
Intelligence



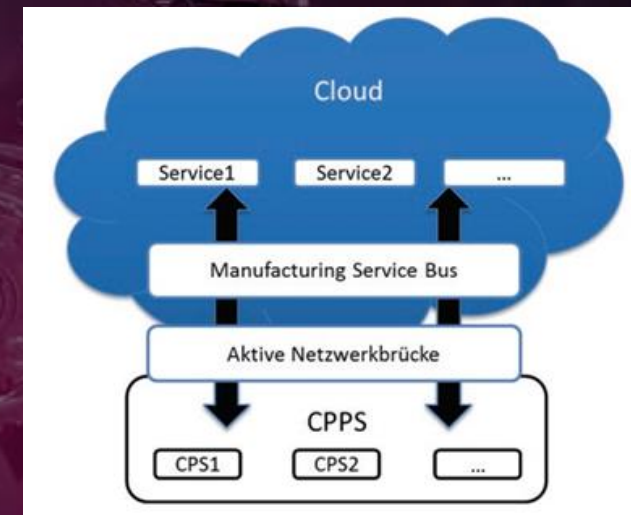
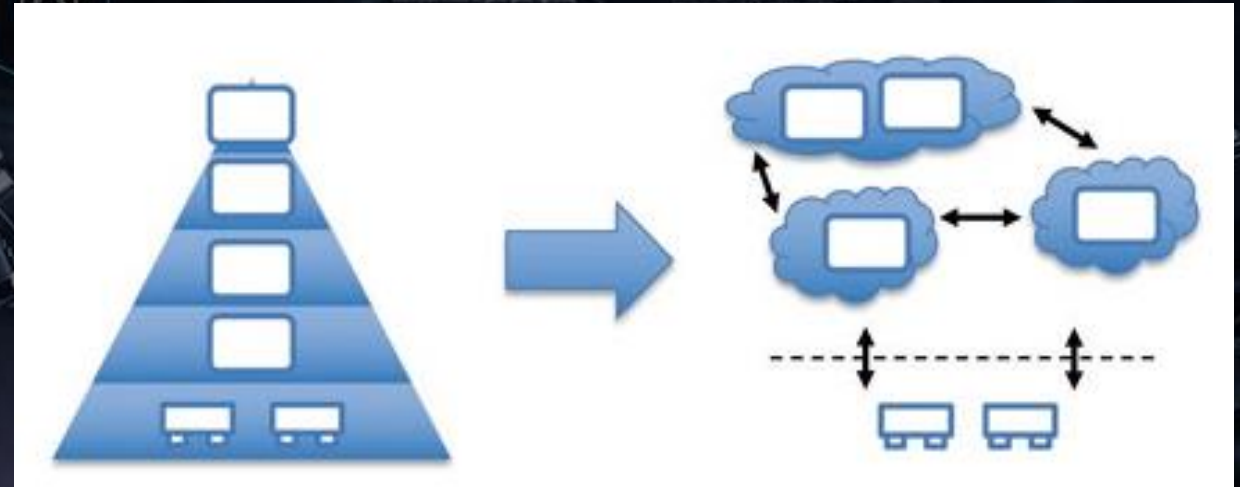
A large industrial factory with a high ceiling and a grid of lights. In the foreground, a red robotic arm is positioned on the left, and several white robotic arms are on the right. A straw horse, a traditional German folk art, is placed on a black conveyor belt in the center. The horse is made of straw and has a yellow rope tied around its neck and legs. The background shows more industrial equipment and a large window.

Die neue Welt

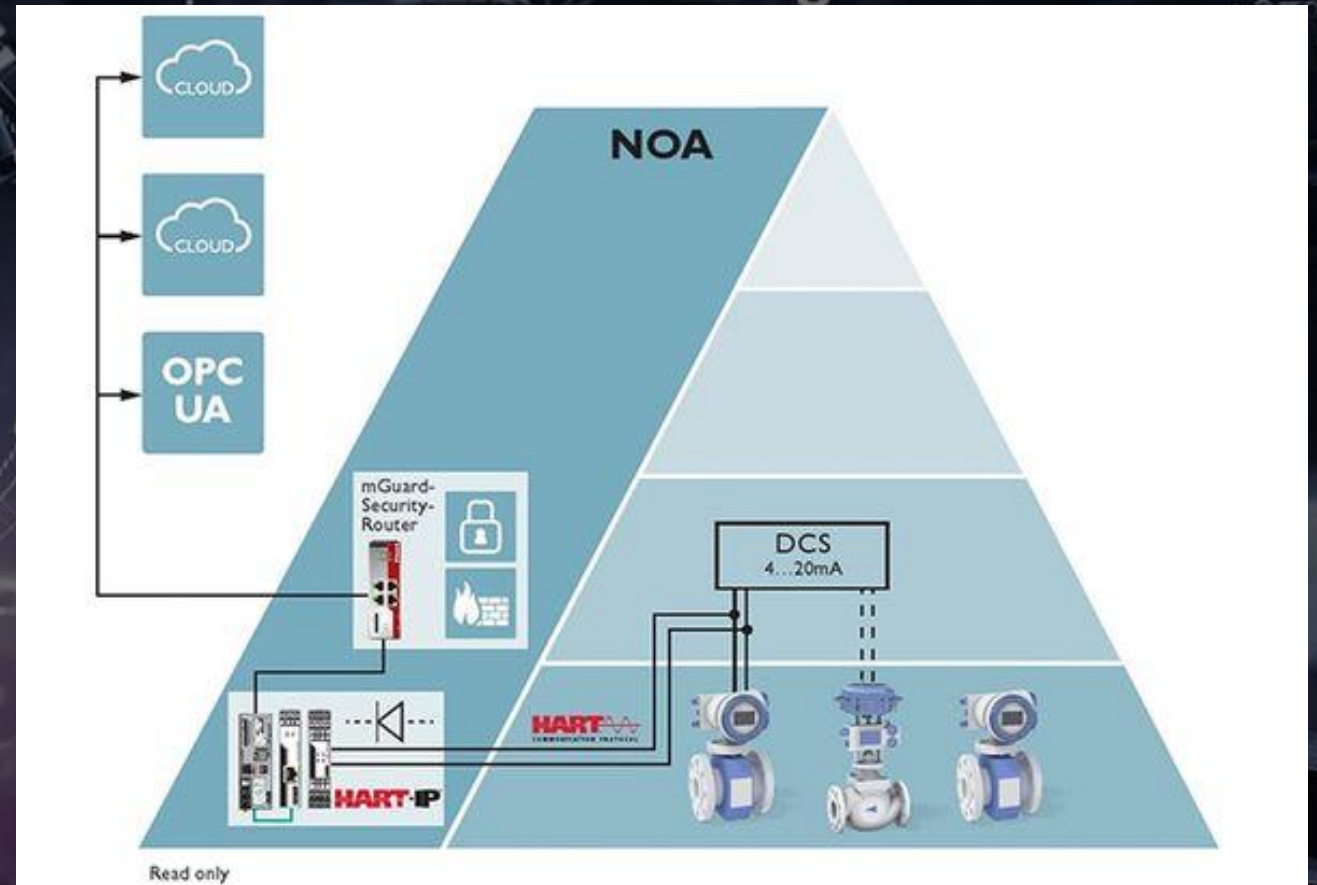
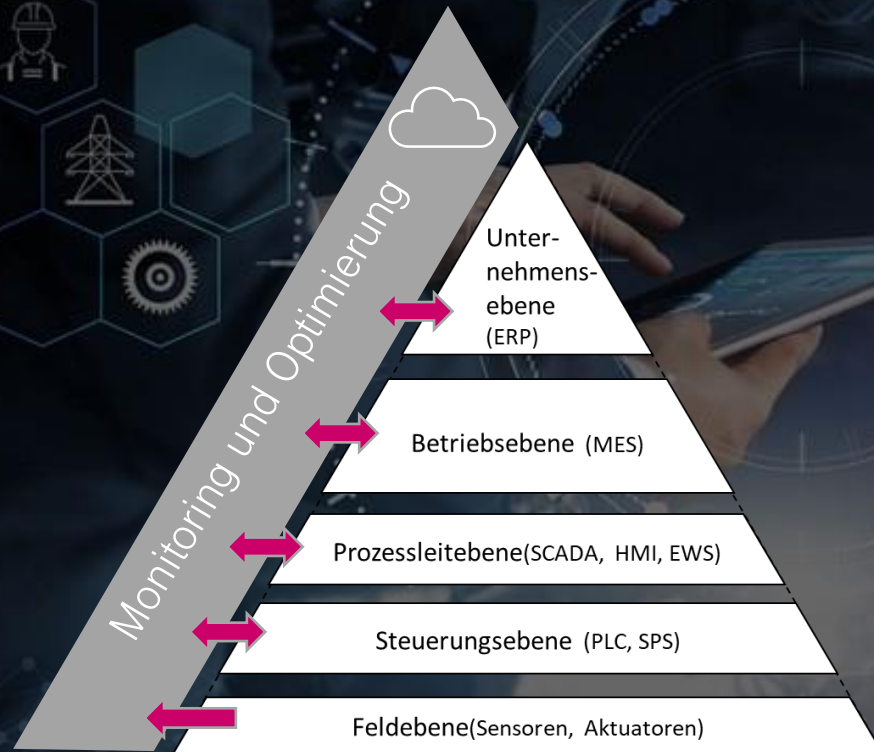
Service Orientiert und Cloud Connected



Die Neue Welt – Part I: Verteilt und Bewölkt



„Smarte“ Modelle ...



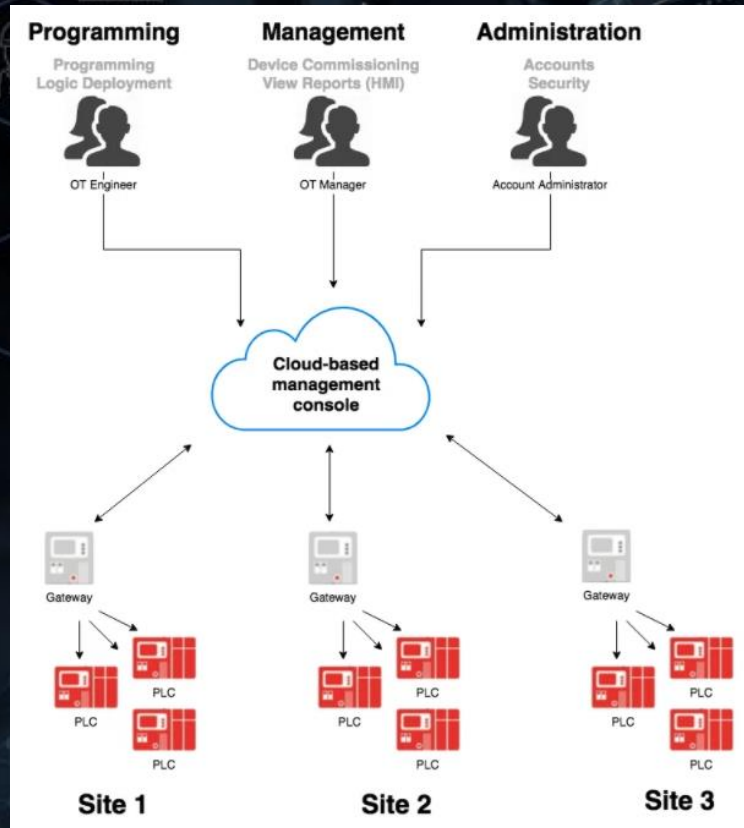
Die Neue Welt – Part II: Risikoprofile

Cyber Risiko Profil (Loss of Data & Control)

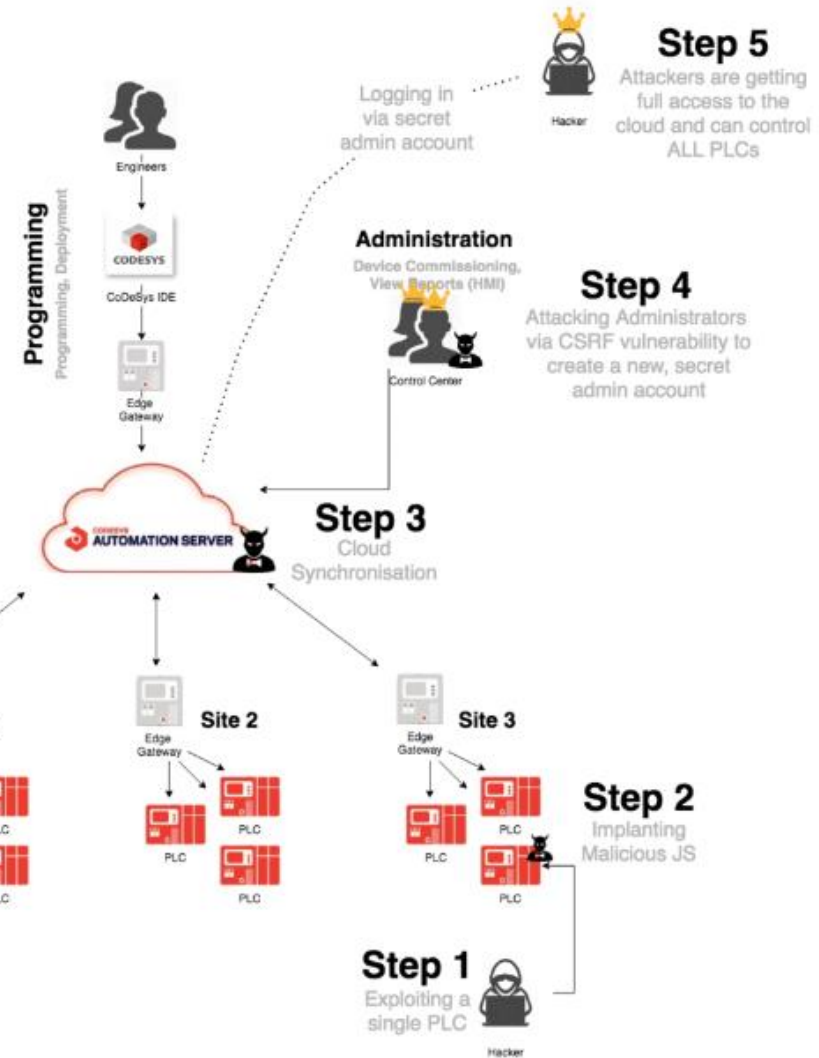
- Verlust vertraulicher Daten
- Verlust des Zugangs zu produktionskritischen Daten
- Kontrollverlust durch z.B. Cloud Steuerung
- mehr IT-, IoT lastig
- breitere Angriffsfläche (Cloud, Virtualisierung, Mobile Geräte, ...)
- ...
- Beispiel: Evil PLC



Es ist nicht immer die Cloud schuld



Bottom-Up Attack





Der Weg dahin ...

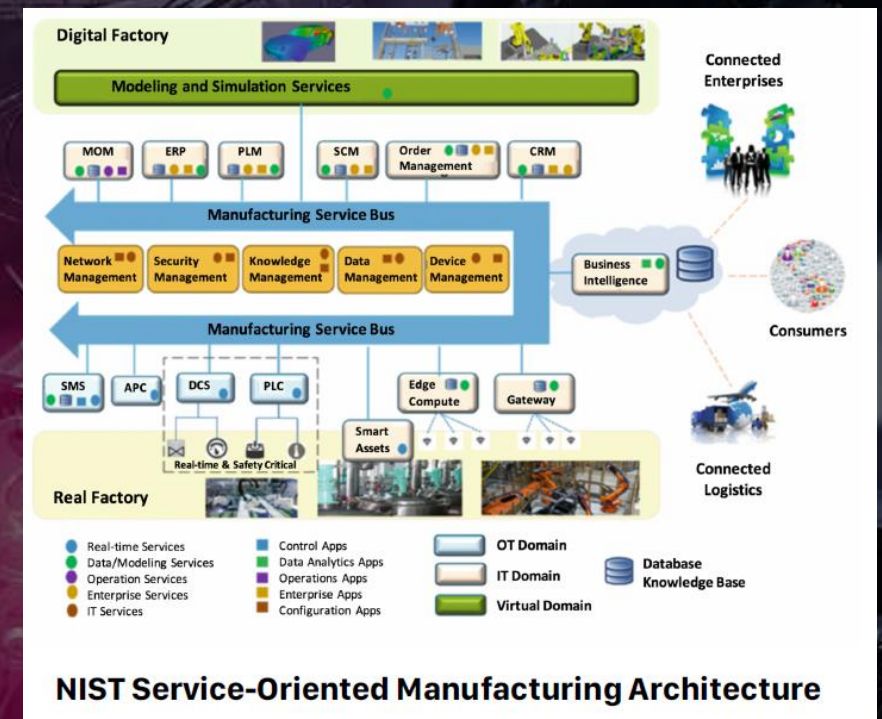
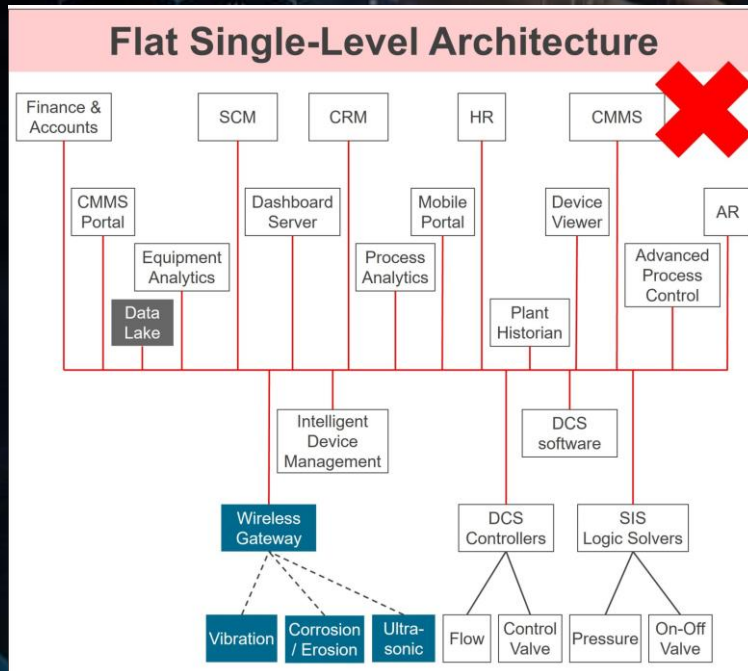




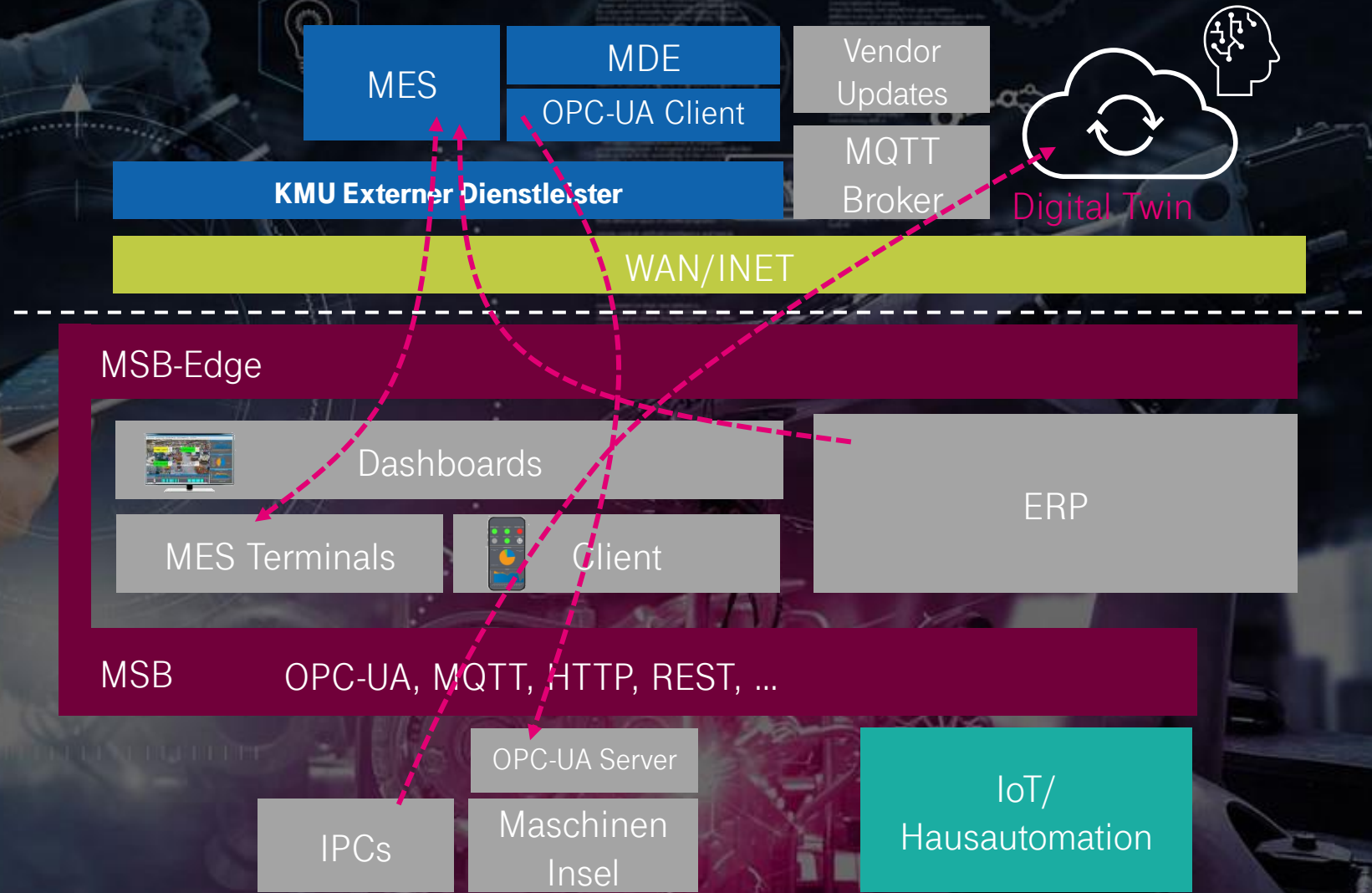
**Die richtige Architektur ist nur
ein Aspekt auf dem Weg zur
sicheren Smart Factory...**



*Wir können das Werk nicht zumachen,
umbauen und dann weiter produzieren ...*

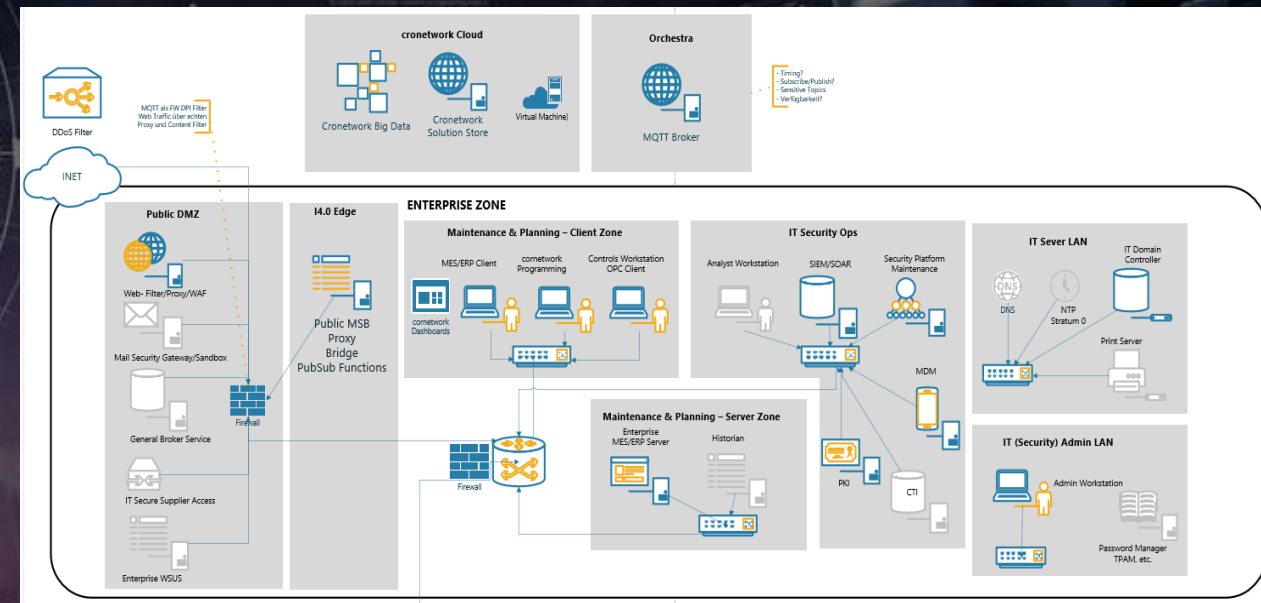


Transition: Architektur Beispiele



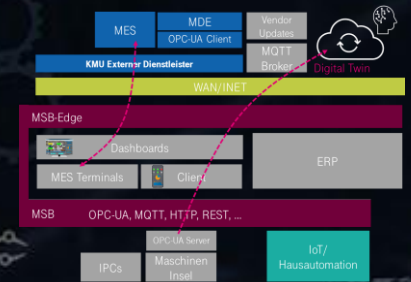
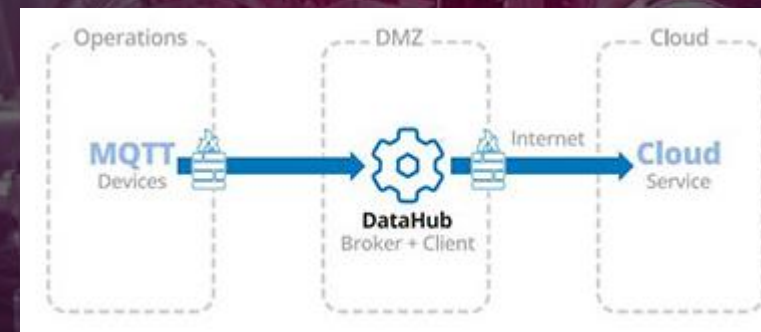
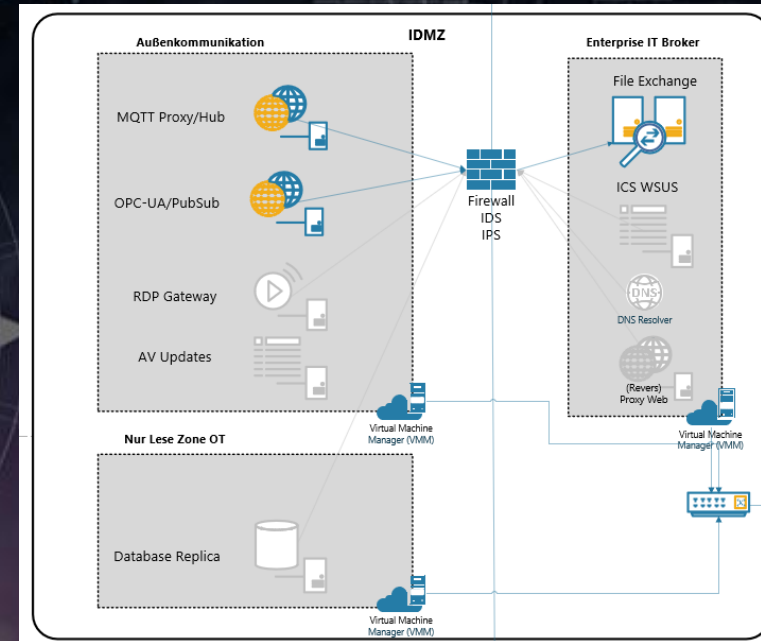
Transition: Architektur Beispiele

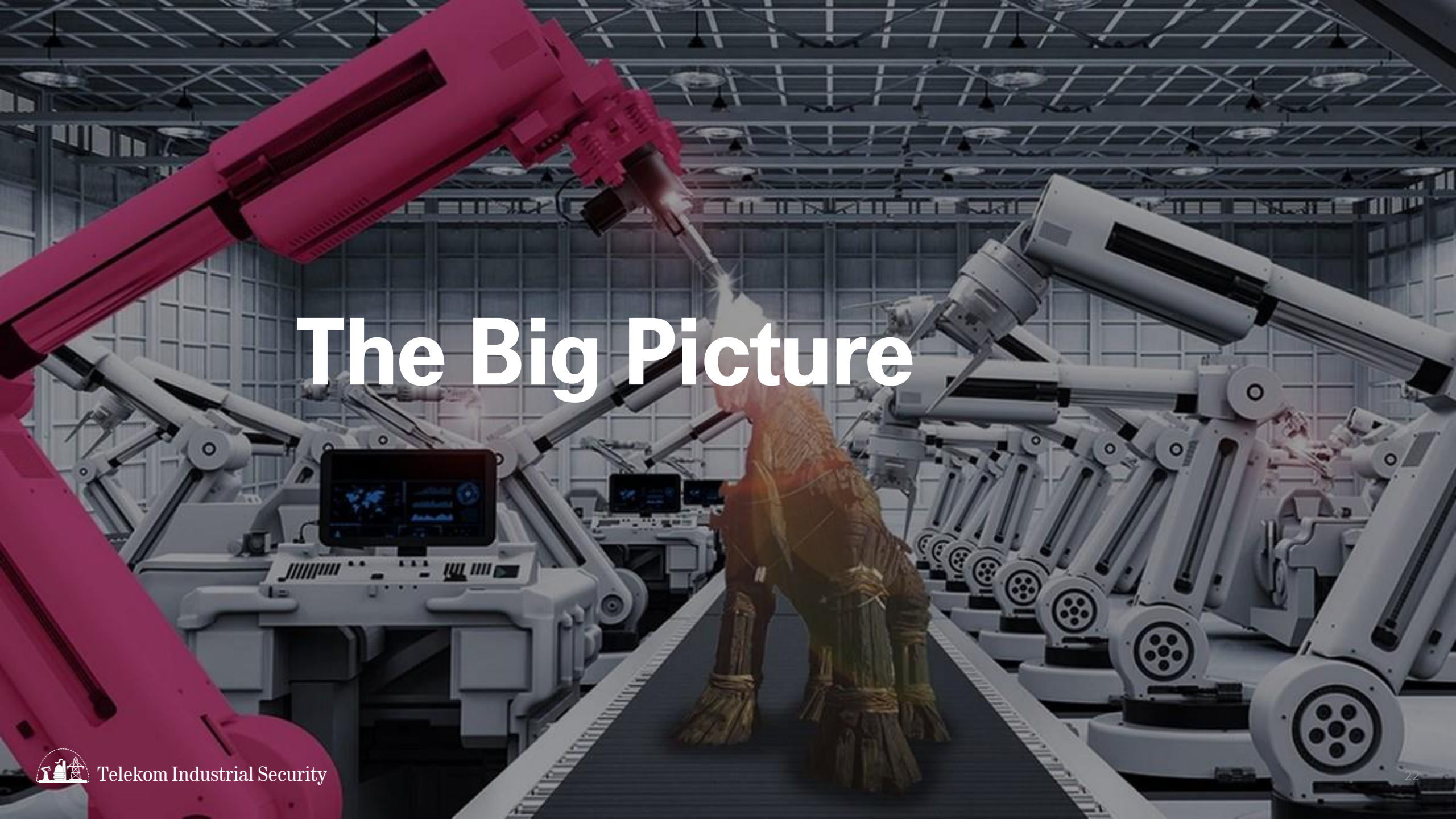
- „Edge“ Netzwerksegment in der Enterprise Zone für Smart Factory Funktionen
- Es sollte **getrennte** (VLAN an FW) **Netzsegmente** für:
 - MES/ERP Clients und Server
 - Security Administration
 - Office Clients und Server (AD!) geben
- Um die **Verfügbarkeit** aller **externen** (Cloud) **Anwendungen** zu gewährleisten, sollten alle notwendigen Systeme (Internet Zugang, DNS, Webservices, Cloud-APIs, etc.) gegen DoS Angriffe oder techn. Störungen gesichert werden



Transition: Architektur Beispiele

- „Industrial DMZ“ (iDMZ) mit
- Getrennte DMZ Segmente für Außenkommunikation
- Broker Services

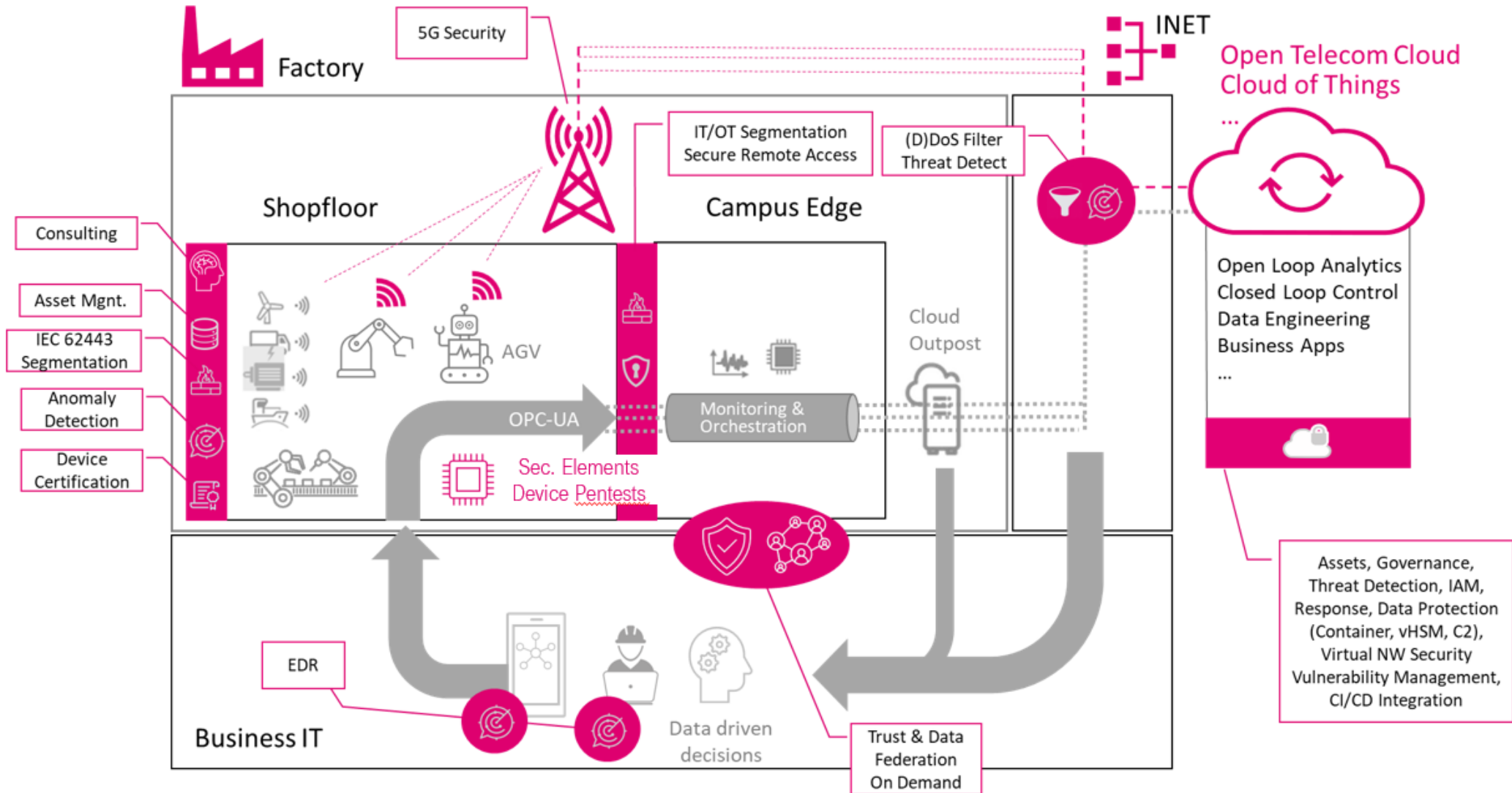




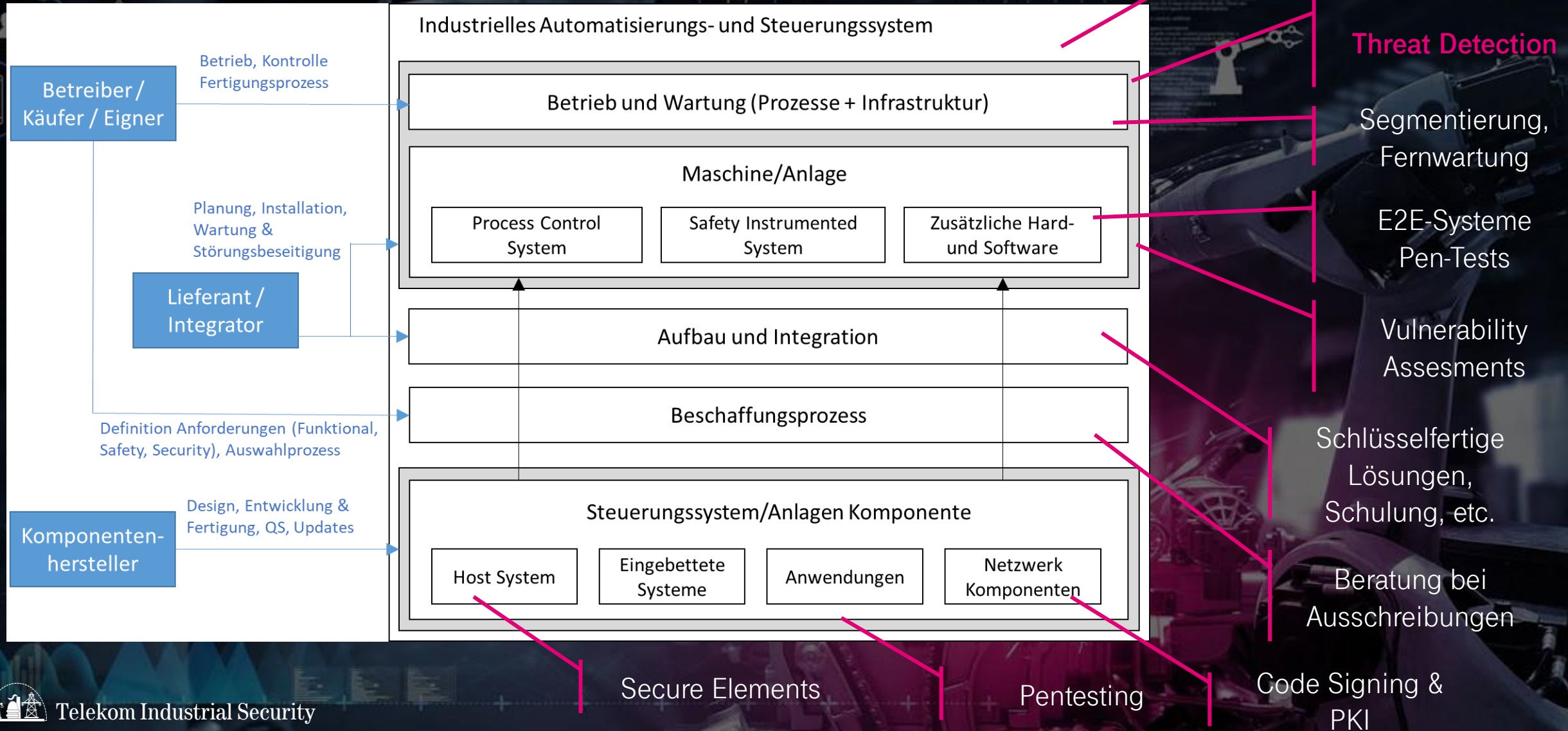
The Big Picture



Managed Cyber Defense



The Smart Supplier Chain



A large industrial robotic arm, colored red, is shown in the foreground, welding a straw dummy (Honey Pot) on a conveyor belt. The dummy is made of straw and is positioned in the center of the frame. In the background, several other robotic arms are visible, all in a grey color, working on a production line. The setting is a large industrial factory with a high ceiling and a grid of lights.

Honeypot, Still alive?



Backup

